

FARM LANDS
J. S. Martin

THE CHRONICLE

J. S. Martin
REAL ESTATE

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CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 17 1910.

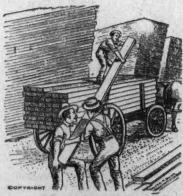
PRICE \$1 A YEAR.

SEE DAVE

WHAT WE DO WE DO WELL
HE MAKES CLOTHES

D. G. HARVIE

CROSSFIELD LUMBER YARD



Going to Build?

Then come in and talk over your plans with us. We will be pleased to furnish you an estimate on anything you may need in our line. Remember we have one of the largest and best stocks of lumber on the line and our prices are right.

CROSSFIELD LUMBER YARD
W. STUART & CO., PROPRIETORS
GEO. BECKER, MANAGER

**With right prices, right terms,
right goods,**
you cannot fail to do right by buying the right article at the right time.

Our Buggy stock is right, the roads are right, the season of the year is right; when in town call and do right.

Our new Deering Binder is right, having all the appealing features of the old and a great many new ones; it will pay you to see it before placing your order.

What are the four points to be considered in buying a binder? It has them and is **Second to None** and is sold by

McKAY BROS.

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS
At Prices to Defy competition at
McDonald & McNaughton's Mills
WE HAVE

Shiplap, Flooring, Window and Door Jambs, Ceiling, Drop-siding, Dimension and Rough Lumber

POST OFFICE ADDRESS—CREMONA
Mill West of the Little Red Deer. Accommodations for man and beast. Terms Cash

June Wedding

SCOTT-SHAFFER

A very pretty wedding took place Sunday evening at 7 o'clock in the parlor of the Methodist parsonage, when Miss Carrie Scott was married to Mr. Dan Shaffer. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. A. Smith.

The bride was prettily attired in a white gown of all-over embroidery, beautifully trimmed with insertion and tucked net. Her flowers were white roses and carnations with maiden hair fern. Her large white picture hat, the rim of which rolled up on the left side, and its trimming of laces and flowers, was very becoming.

The wedding guests were Miss R. Stone, Mr. Wm. Keil, Mr. and Mrs. D. Ontkes also eldest daughter Miss Marie, Miss M. Walsh and Miss DeLong.

After the ceremony a dainty wedding supper was served by Mrs. Stevens, in her parlors.

The couple departed amid showers of rice, old shoes, and best wishes of their many friends, on the evening passenger, going to Vancouver and other points on the coast, and at the end of the honeymoon trip will locate in Calgary where the groom, who is well known and much respected by Crossfield neighborhood, will follow his trade.

Provincial Exhibition

The exhibition ground at Calgary is now a very busy place. A small army of workmen are making the repairs and preparing the exhibits for the Provincial Exhibition to be held June 30th to July 7th. All available space in the buildings for industrial exhibits has been secured some weeks ago, and a number of exhibits have to be content with tent space.

Entries close at Calgary June 18. The forestry plantation immediately in front of the main gate was prepared and trees planted about the middle of May, and each succeeding year will be a living demonstration of what can be done in tree planting on the plains. While the exhibition directors are providing that educational features and exhibits shall be the "meat of the meal" for visitors, they also believe that they like some dessert in the form of good music and attractions, and the following list of features of the best quality cannot help but cater to the various tastes and fancies of our numerous visitors:

The Navassar Ladies' Band, finest in the world, assisted by the Calgary Rifle band and the Calgary Citizens' Band.

A reproduction of the making of the Indian treaty of 1877 illuminated with magnificent display of fireworks.

A \$7,000 racing program.
Alber's ten snow white polar bears.

Rex's Comedy Circus.

The Six Abdallah Brothers, marvellous acrobats.

Ramza and Arno clever comedians.

The only Rube Shields, the fun maker.

Demonstration of the Calgary Fire Department with specially trained horses.

Do not forget that entries close on June 18th.

Very low passenger rates. Six or seven special trains to the exhibition and a special excursion to Banff on July 7th.

A handsome illustrated pamphlet giving information regarding the exhibition will be sent by return mail on application to the manager at Calgary.

Government Crop Report

Ottawa, June 10.—The Census and Statistics Office has issued a report on the estimated area and condition of the principal field crops of Canada at the end of May, based on the reports of a large staff of enumerators.

The area under fall wheat is put down at 707,200 acres, which is 45,100 acres more than last year, and its per cent of a standard condition given as 87.65, which is 5.50 higher than last year.

Spring wheat is given an area of 8,587,600 acres, 1,499,300 acres more than last year, and its condition as compared with the end of May last year is 91.49 to 92.15.

Oats, which has an area of 9,884,100 acres, is 561,500 acres more than last year, and its condition at the end of May was 93.95.

A year ago its condition was 92.32.

The area of barley is 1,834,000 acres, or 30,500 acres less than last year, and its condition is reported at 92.94 compared with 91.49 last year, and its condition is reported at 92.94 compared with 91.49 last year.

The rye crop continues to decrease, but its condition is about the same as a year ago.

Peaas with 386,100 acres is less than last year by 7,200 acres, and its condition is 93.01 as compared with 90.59 last year.

The area of mixed grains is 675,700 acres or 6,400 acres less than last year, and its condition at the end of May was 94.72 compared with 91.71 last year.

The area in hay and clover is given as 8,515,400 acres, which is 305,100 acres more than last year, and the condition is 97.64 or 7.28 more than in 1909.

The area of all these field crops is reported at 30,554,200 acres, which is 2,359,300 acres more than last year and 4,651,050 acres more than in 1909. The

largest increase has taken place in wheat which has now reached 6,294,800 acres. In 1909 it was 7,750,400 acres and in 1908 it was 6,610,300 acres, which is a gain in two years of 2,084,300 acres or more than 40 per cent. The provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta increased their area in wheat from 2,405,400 acres in 1900 to 5,024,000 acres in 1908 and to 8,305,400 acres in 1910. In Saskatchewan alone the increase of this year over last year is 1,163,000 acres.

Ontario shows an increase in fall wheat from 581,100 to 609,200 acres and in oats from 3,142,200 to 3,272,000 acres, Quebec from 1,674,100 to 1,640,900 acres, Manitoba from 1,390,000 to 1,451,000 acres, Saskatchewan from 1,847,000 to 1,973,000 acres and Alberta from 820,000 to 974,000 acres.

The condition of pastures is over 100 in the Maritime Provinces and Quebec. It is 93.60 in Ontario, 89 in British Columbia and around 80 in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Alfalfa is growing in favor in all the provinces, but especially in Ontario where a large number of correspondents report upon the increased areas in this crop.

The effects of late frosts have been felt in many places, and injury has been done to fruits and tender vegetables in some localities, but generally the prevailing low temperatures of April and May have strengthened the field crops and have left them better able to withstand the attacks of night frosts, and reseeding and re-planting have been less necessary than in former years.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

NEW TRI-WEEKLY NIGHT TRAIN
BETWEEN
CALGARY AND
STRATHCONA

Commencing June 6 1910

READ DOWN READ UP
Mon., Wed., Fri. Tue., Thur., Sat.

24.55	Lv. Calgary Ar.	8.10
2.17	Airdrie	2.22
1.20	Crossfield	6.58
2.38	Carstairs	6.36
1.56	Didsbury	6.22
1.50	Olea	6.00
3.46	Bowden	5.36
4.06	Innisfail	5.16
4.50	Ar.) Red Deer) Lv.	5.16
2.10	Ar.) Lv.) Ar.	3.50
5.45	Lacombe	3.47
6.20	Penoka	3.09
7.00	Wetaskiwin	2.24
1.50	Hill	1.65
7.40	Leduc	1.38
3.15	Ar. Strathcona Lv.	1.00

Flag Stop.

NOTE—NORTHBOUND train between Calgary and Red Deer will stop at flag stops on all the lines leading to the western end. SOUTHBOUND train between Strathcona and Red Deer will stop at flag stops to allow passengers to detrain only.

STANDARD SLEEPERS AND FIRST CLASS COACHES



ONTKES & ARMSTRONG.

Lodge Cards

M. W. D. A.

SUNALTA CAMP NO. 13863

Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Crossfield, the Second Thursday and Fourth Saturday of each month.

Visiting neighbors welcome.

CHAS. MCKAY, GRO. O. DAVIS,

V. C.

Clerk and Secretary.

CROSSFIELD LODGE I. O. F.

No.



42

Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oddfellows Hall at 7:30 p.m.

Visiting Brethren Welcome.

James Dryburgh, Rec. Sec.



"No Surrender," No. 1906.

Meets Tuesday on or before the Full Moon. Visiting brethren always welcome.

Geo. W. Boyce, A. Wheeler, W. M. Sevy.



Court Prairie Flower No. 157

Meets the first Saturday and third Monday in the month. Visiting brethren always welcome. For further information write any of the brethren.

D. Ontkes, James Mewhort, C. R. Rec. Sec.

Professional Cards

C. W. MOORE,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,

NOTARY PUBLIC

Carstairs, Alberta

Will be at Crossfield every Thursday.

Dr. LARGE,

Dentist, Carstairs,

Will be at the Alberta Hotel, Crossfield,

Every Thursday.

AT CARSTAIRS OFFICE

Every Day, Except Wednesday and Thursday.

PATENTS
PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of getting their Patents registered by experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon request. Montreal, Quebec, Boston, New York, Montreal; and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

For Quick Sale of Real Estate
IN THE

Acme District

List Your Property With
McLain & May,
ACME, ALTA.

TAPSCOTT, P. O.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES

Insurance placed in Best Companies.

We have some fine farm lands for sale and invite prospective purchasers to give us a call.

THE ARCADE

Pool Room and Cigar Store

Come in and spend a pleasant hour and try our Cigars and Soft Drinks. Latest Magazines always kept in stock.

H. Mann Prop.

The Crossfield Chronicle

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.00 per year in advance; or \$1.50 if not paid in advance.

PUBLISHED at the Chronicle office, at Crossfield, Alberta, each Friday.

RATES

Lost, Strayed, Found, Wanted and other transient advertisements of a similar nature one cent a word, six insertions for the price of four. Payable in advance.

Business locals 10 cents per line first insertion; and 5 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements, 12 cents per line for first insertion; and 8 cents each subsequent insertion.

Commercial contract rates upon application.

F. H. SCHOOLEY,

EDITOR.

FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1910.

Vancouver Province: If there is any prominent statesman in England whose name has not been mentioned in connection with the vice-regal chair at Ottawa, will he please hold up his hand.

Some one is now putting up big talk of launching a third political party in Alberta. The natural inference is that the promoters of the scheme have no hope of obtaining coveted fat offices through either of the old parties. Patriotism amongst politicians seems to have become almost as scarce as the proverbial hen's teeth. In these degenerate days the main question appears to be how to land the swag.

China Goes English

New York, June 15.—The Chinese government has officially decreed that English shall be the official language for scientific and technical education in that country according to advices which have reached New York. The imperial decree makes the study of English compulsory in all the provincial, scientific and technical high schools and provides that final examinations for degrees in these branches shall be through the medium of English. This important action by the Chinese supervisors of education is said to be largely due to the influence of students who have been educated abroad.

Immigration Regulations

For some time past the press of the British Isles has been waging warfare on the Canadian immigration regulations, directed in the main against two regulations: the first requiring immigrants coming to employment other than farm work, or, in the case of females, to domestic service, to have in their possession at time of landing the sum of \$25, in addition to railway transportation to ultimate destination; the second providing that the consent to emigrate to Canada (required by law to be granted by the Assistant Superintendent of Emigration for Canada in London, England, to such charity aided emigrants as he considers suited to this country) shall be given only to such as are suited for, willing to accept, and have assured employment at farm work. A strong agitation is being carried on to have these regulations abolished or altered.

The Chronicle believes the regu-

lations are all right as they stand. If they err at all it is in not being stringent enough. Under the existing regulations the gate is opened wide for every immigrant that can be of any possible use to Canada. To remove the regulations that appear to give offense in certain quarters in the mother country would be to open the way for the admission of large numbers of very undesirable immigrants. Of course we can see why the British Isles want to get rid of these undesirables, but for the life of us we can't see why they should be dumped on Canada.

MANY VIEWS OF CANADA

London Post Thinks British Farmers Should Unite to Tax Colonial Wheat

London.—The Morning Post objecting in the interests of agriculturists to free importation of colonial wheat, which may ultimately mean the loss of two million pounds to the revenue, says if the farmers' organizations would only concentrate, they would not prove strong enough to get their own way but by assuring their claim, that the colonies are as equal by self-governing dominions, each of which has adopted similar policy of drawing revenue from Britain as well as foreign imports.

The Daily Mail, agent Laurier's remarks on the choice of a viceroy, says coming from a stereotyped speech of the Canadian press, experience these reflections are flattering to our national pride and any departure from present practice would be productive of ill-will. The Standard describes the scene at Ottawa as memorable and moving.

The Daily Standard criticizes Canadian banking methods, making the point that the thing most desired is continued uninterrupted popularity of Canadian municipal issues with British investors, even at times some concession must be given as regards price of issue and method in place of taking advantage of keen competition on the part of financiers, which will arise if a loan were put up for public tender.

The Times says Laurier's insight is equal to his great experience and he excels in the use of words of felicity and facility of phrase, passages which he recently outlined the relations between the British viceroy-general's authority and the autonomy of the government wherever they were sent to preside. Laurier speaks on all constitutional questions with something of the fervor and imagination of Gladstone.

Farewell Earl Grey Formally

Ottawa.—The parliament of Canada assembled in the state chamber and made a formal farewell to Earl Grey as governor-general. However, it will not be long till his successor will return to England before next October, as he contemplates visiting the west during the coming summer.

The former of course was well filled with visitors, members of the house of commons, their wives and lady friends, while the galleries were also crowded.

Earl Grey was evidently moved when he responded to the address from the members of parliament, which was read in English by Sir Alexander MacKenzie, soon after Speaker Mairi of the house of commons in French.

Honorable Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Borden, Sir Richard Cartwright, and Senator Lougheed, for the kind sentiments expressed towards him.

More Families for Ready-Made Farms

Calgary.—Mr. G. W. Peterson of the Canadian Pacific Irrigation Colonization Co. announced recently that four more families are preparing to leave England to go to ready-made farms in Alberta, so soon as they can dispose of their farms in the Old Country and close up other business. The first party of "home-made" farmers are to go out on the farms and are satisfied not to say pleased, according to Mr. Peterson.

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS

COPYRIGHTS &c.

Any one sending a sketch and description may have a patent issued. Communication invention is probably valuable. Communications sent free. Patent agency for securing patents. Trade marks and copyright registered. Special notice, without charge, to the Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation in the world. Largest circulation in Canada. \$1.25 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York Branch Office, 620 F St., Washington, D.C.

PROVINCIAL
EXHIBITION
CALGARY

JUNE 30th to JULY 7th, 1910

LARGE PRIZE LIST

All Freight Refunded on Exhibits Originating in Alberta.

Over \$1000 Offered for Grain Competition Including Acre Yield Competition

Milking Machine Demonstrations and Lectures Magnificent Art and China Display Best Music and Attractions Including The Navassar Ladies' Band Grand Fireworks Display Albers Ten Snow White Polar Bears Herzog's Six Trained Stallions The Sir Abdallah Brothers, Marvelous Aerobats Ramza and Arno, Clever Comedians Al G. Barnes Trained Wild Animal Show Reproduction of the Making of the Blackfeet Indian Treaty, Illuminated with fire works.

FOR PRIZE LIST AND ENTRY FORMS, WRITE

I. S. G VAN WART E. L. RICHARDSON
PRESIDENT MANAGERFarmers
Meat Market

WE SELL

Fresh and Cured Meat, Fresh and Cured Fish, Poultry, Butter and Eggs.

WE BUY

Cattle, Hides, Hogs, Butter, Eggs and Poultry paying the best Market Price.

Our Motto

"QUALITY RIGHT PRICE RIGHT"

TIMS & ATKINS

The
CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET

Wholesale and Retail Butchers

WE

Pay Cash for BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY and HIDES. We buy HOGS live or dressed.

WE

Sell SMOKED MEATS, FRESH MEATS, FRESH FISH, SMOKED FISH.

The
CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET

L. G. FISHER, Proprietor

MARK TWAIN

THE tributes called forth by Mark Twain's death show him to have been regarded not only as an American of the Americans, but as one of the world's greatest men. "With the exception of Tolstoy," says The Morning Leader (London), "probably there is no writer whose death would receive more universal respect and regret." Mr. H. Hanlin Garland is reported through the press as saying that he was "as distinctly American as Washington." The world of men writers could be proudest in any country," he adds, "but I think we, as well as everybody in foreign lands, will look upon Twain as the schoolmaster of the world, and to this country as the Mississippi River itself."

Indeed, the Mississippi seems somehow to symbolize him and his life. A dipper from it has given one of the most poignant expressions of personal loss never among the many that now fill the papers. M. C. L. Farthing, friend and scholar of Mark Twain, and the original Huckleberry Finn, said when

"The days are passing. The sun while there are gone, even the long sweep of the majestic yellow river seems to have dwindled and lessened. The same is true, the measure of its magnitude, though, is probably really none. The man who caught them and froze them into human words for the delight of the world is dead."

One of the most delightful mantle of humor which we call "American" has fallen, George Ade, says:



MARK TWAIN: 1835-1910

"I read every line Twain wrote, for [tory] of Nevada, and went with him as his clerk in Carson City. He was a kind of literary god to me; his influence had already worked itself into the literature of our day. We owe much of our cheerfulness, simplicity, and hope to him. Most all, Twain gave us the right kind of simple, childlike faith in the ultimate success throughout all his adversities."

Among the tributes of personal William H. Brewster, author of "Birds of Princeton, is especially appealing: "All the world knows that in Mark Twain it has lost a delightful humorist, a man who has inspired us all, and given us a favor all his own; but only those who had the privilege of knowing him personally, and hope to him, the best of all—his great heart, his high sense of justice, a friend quite equal to earn and give affection; a citizen of the world, who loved every wholesome adventure of life, and the participation of the world's ventures, more than the hard work of prospecting for pay rock."

He made no diversion of importance, and when he made many acquaintances with stage-drivers, gamblers, and 'bad' men, all of whom appear in "Roughing It" he did not let go of a cent of mining-samp life he returned to his paper work on the staff. The Enterprise in Virginia City, Nev., it was here that some of his broadly humorous sketches were first published.

He was one of the chief contributors to the San Francisco Daily News (London), in which The Daily Chronicle (London) adds: "His aspect of things is in reality serious and his judgment often sound, but it is a fact noted that he had the iron out of puzzling people and leaving them divided between seriousness and laughter."

The Daily Express (London) thinks

"Huckleberry Finn" his best work.

Samuel Langhorne Clemens was born November 30, 1835, in the little town of Florida, Monroe County, Mo. His father was a man of "education and means" who had come from a frontier town of that early day. Three years after the son's birth the family moved to Hannibal on the Mississippi, where Sam got up to his young age the taste and winter's ink. His young life was somewhat adventurous, as the obituary in the New York Sun recounts:

"He was destined to be a printer, and before he was sixteen he had worked in the composing-rooms of newspapers at St. Louis, Hannibal, Philadelphia, and New York. The river called him back. In 1851 he returned to Hannibal determined to become a pilot, and as he was called 'the leaden light' he was not an inexpensive master. Master pilots demanded \$500 to take a cadet and thoroughly instruct him in the art. Young Clemens could not then pay any such sum, but he worked for several years with the sole end in view, making money as a printer at times, and finally, as a river-boat pilot. In 1857 he was able to satisfy a master pilot of his ability to pay the \$500 fee, and two years later he had a pilot's license, his first boat being the Alonzo Child, under Captain De Haven."

"In 1861 he enlisted in the Confederate Army of Gen. Sterling Price, and after a few months he returned to St. Louis to join his brother Orion, who had been appointed Secretary of the Terri-

TALK No. 2

FOOD scientists condemn alum as unfit for use in food, and the time will come when it will be as rigorously excluded from food in Canada as it is now condemned in Great Britain.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Does not contain Alum



Made in Canada

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

FREE COOK BOOK If you have not received a copy of Magic Cook Book, send name and address on postcard and this valuable little book will be mailed free of charge.

No. 523

famous in this country and most of the countries of Europe."

"In 1863 the very profitable sales of the book, which would have warranted the author in all his time to book-writing, he soon after his return from the South became editor and proprietor of the Buffalo Express. This was probably in pursuance of a contract entered into with the publisher, who remained in Buffalo for ten years, marrying there Miss Olivia Langdon, whose acquaintance he had made on the ocean voyage."

"In 1865, Clemens went to Hartford to live, and at once began work with the material he had gathered while he was not gathering other ore in the Sierra Nevada. Montezuma, in his material came the book "Roughing It." This fixed his reputation as a story-teller and humorist, and his work was urgently desired, either in America or abroad, on both sides of the ocean. Contributing frequently to magazines, he wrote also in the Daily Warner, "The Gilded Age," which was soon successfully trans-

"Next came in his pen what many consider his best work of fiction, "The Adventures of Tom Sawyer" (1876)."

"After writing several other books Mr. Clemens was invited to enter the publishing enterprise of the Charles L. Webster Company, which had contracted to pay Mrs. Grant \$500,000 for the copyright of "Tom Sawyer" and "Huckleberry Finn." Ten years later the failure of this firm left Mr. Clemens in debt for his resources."

"He was supported by his friends and advisers that a round-the-world lecture tour would help to rescue Mr. Clemens, and the tour was undertaken. Its success was greater than the author's most sanguine expectations; the author was received everywhere with high social and sometimes with civic honors; his lectures were everywhere attended by great audiences."

"Francisco C. Hall made an offer to the writer of the Mark Twain stories, and Clemens in 1865 went on The Cal star, but he remained there only six months, for he was not called him again. In Calaveras County, Cal, he found little gold dust, but he did find material for stories which gave him the name of 'the King of the Rockies' in the book "The Jumping Frog of Calaveras County."

"In 1866 Clemens went to the San Joaquin Valley and made from these sketches for the Sacramento Union, which sketches were the basis for his first lectures delivered in San Francisco, Calif. He delivered them in Sacramento, San Francisco, and Honolulu."

"In the following year the stories of the "Jumping Frog" book were published, and Mark Twain became known in the Eastern States as a writer of ex-grotesque humor. It was popular because these stories gained for him that prompted some newspaper editors to select Mr. Clemens to go with a party of lecturers to England. He was engaged for his employers what would now be called a 'syndicate' letter. This trip resulted in the publication of "Adventures Abroad," an extensive review of the letters, and with the instant success of that book the writer became

MAGIC makes pure delicious healthful biscuits, cake and pastry. Protect yourself against alum powders by insisting on **MAGIC BAKING POWDER**.

MAGIC is a medium priced baking powder and the only well-known one made in Canada that does NOT contain alum.

Full Pound Cans, 25c.

Made in Canada

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

FREE COOK BOOK If you have not received a copy of Magic Cook Book, send name and address on postcard and this valuable little book will be mailed free of charge.

No. 523

lighted crowds and frequently delivered the "patronage" of the best hotels and restaurants."

"The profits of the book enabled Mr. Clemens to pay every cent he owed and left him a considerable balance."

"Clemens' later books were: "A Yankee at the Court of King Arthur," 1880; "The American Claimant," 1882; "The £1,000,000 Bank Note," 1883; "Personal Recollections of David Wilmot," 1884; "The American in Paris," 1886; "More Tramps Abroad," 1887; "The Man That Corrupted Hadleyburg," 1890; "Christian Science," 1891.

MAKING MILK ARTIFICIALLY

We have heard so much about the synthetic production of whey, glycerine, dyes and what not, from various products that we wonder if that milk may be artificially made. The method described below, however, is not easily surpassed by the information contained in the following article. In the mechanical admixture of distilled water with crushed and finely ground sweet almonds. Practically the only difference between the natural milk and that made of almonds is that cow's milk contains animal casein, while the artificial milk contains vegetable casein. The latter is produced by the addition of casein to the milk, and if allowed to stand sometimes will become sour. It may also be congealed by the addition of vinegar or acetic acid, or by the addition of granulated sugar, it is capable of generating some extraordinary organic substances. The artificial milk may be used with tea and coffee in the same way that cow's milk is used.

To make the milk, procure half a pound of sweet almonds from the Valencia, which is cheaper than the Jordan almond, will give just as good results. The skin of the almonds may be removed by scalding the nuts in boiling water, and peeling them with a sharp knife. The artificial milk may be used with tea and coffee in the same way that cow's milk is used.

If some of the milk thus produced is set aside for three or four hours a thick layer of cream will be found on top which may be strained off and used in forming the milk, it may be necessary to add a little sugar of milk to sweeten it. The artificial milk has a slightly different taste than cow's milk, but this is practically lost when it is used in tea, coffee or cocoa. The color of the milk produced is quite pale, but may be improved by the addition of the skins of two or three oranges removed in the proportion of two ounces of whole almonds to six ounces of the blanched almonds. Care must be taken to prevent any bitter almonds from finding their way into the mixture, but one or two bitter almonds to half a pound would not affect the flavor of the milk.

Half a pound of almonds will make three pints of milk.

almonds should then be placed in a wooden chopping board and chopped as finely as possible. Take about two ounces of the chopped almonds and place them in a mortar with a small quantity of distilled water. Then grind the almonds in the chopping board, adding water occasionally until about twelve ounces of water have been used. The longer the grinding the finer the result will be. Take a piece of cheese cloth about 12 inches wide by 24 inches long and rinse it in clean water, and after wringing it dry lay it over a flat dish. Place the almonds over the top of a pitcher, and pour the contents of the mortar through the cloth into the pitcher. The milk may be separated from the cheese cloth and the cheese cloth may be washed and dried, but this is practically lost when it is used in tea, coffee or cocoa. The color of the milk produced is quite pale, but may be improved by the addition of the skins of two or three oranges removed in the proportion of two ounces of whole almonds to six ounces of the blanched almonds. Care must be taken to prevent any bitter almonds from finding their way into the mixture, but one or two bitter almonds to half a pound would not affect the flavor of the milk.

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Half a pound of almonds will make three pints of milk.

Yester Draguet Will Tell You

Murphy Eye Remedy, Eye Sore, Eye Strain,

Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart,

Strengthens Eye Ball, and Helps See Better.

Murphy Eye Remedy and Salve for Eyes

Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart,

Strengthens Eye Ball, and Helps See Better.

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Strengthens Eye Ball, and Helps See Better.

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A Husband by Proxy

By JACK STEELE

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CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued)

A Tryst in the Park

HE sat there till the sun was gone and dark descended in upon the city. The first faint stars began to twinkle, like the palest stars, in the buildings that hedged the park about. He meant to hunt out a restaurant and dinner, but he had to do afterward he could not determine.

There was nothing to be done at Branchville or Hickory all night, and but for the matter of time he might have done by day. Tomorrow would be ample time to return to that theatre of uncertainty. He longed for one thing only—news of Dorothy—enshaded within his heart.

Reminded at last of the man who had followed on his trail, he had realized that he must get away, and after two blocks, by streets now almost deserted, and was reasonably certain he had shaken off. As a matter of fact, he had shaken off. And as he went in Sunday, and now, having noticed the Robinsons by telephone, was watching the house where Dorothy resided.

Garrison sat alone in a mood of ceaseless meditation concerning Dorothy. He was worried to know what might have happened since his departure from the house, and in one minute to go again to the house, in the next he was undecided.

The thought of the telephone came like a revelation. Under the Robinsons' shoulder, he might readily learn of her condition.

At a drug store, near the restaurant, he found a telephone, far better suited to his needs than the noisier, more public boxes at the eating place he had quitted. He closed himself inside the cubicle, asked for the number and waited.

It seemed an interminable time till a faint "Hello!" came over the wire.

"Hello! Is that Mrs. Fairfax?" he asked. "I'd like to speak to Mrs. Fairfax."

"Wait a minute, please. Who is it?" said a voice unmistakably masculine.

"Mr. Wallace," said Garrison, by way of precaution. "She'll understand."

"Hold the wire, please!"

He held the receiver to his ear, and waited again. A length came a sicker, more agonized groan from Dorothy. His heart was instantly leaping at the sound of her voice.

"Hello! Is that someone to speak to me?" she said. "This is Mrs. Fairfax."

"Yes," answered Garrison. "This is Garrison. I'm sorry to trouble you about you—how are you? I've been distressed at the way I was obliged to leave."

"Oh!" said the voice faintly. "I—I'm sorry to thank you. I must see you—right away." The voice had sunk to a tone he could barely distinguish.

"Where are you now?"

"Downtown," said Garrison.

"Well, I understand you."

"—hardly known," came the barely audible reply. "Perhaps—at Central Park and Ninety-third Street."

"I—I'm sorry to have disturbed you."

"If you leave the house in fifteen minutes we shall arrive about the same time. Try to avoid being followed."

Good-bye."

He listened to hear her answer, but it did not come. He heard the distant receding clinkings of the hook, and then the connection was broken.

He was happy in a wild, lawless manner, as he left the place and hastened to the Elevator, and the platform, and the train. Dorothy once more in the warmth, fragrant night, at a tryst like that of lovers, made his pulses surge and his heart beat quickly with excitement. All the sensations of the association with the Branchville crime had fled.

The train could not run fast enough to satisfy his hot impatience. He wished to be there beneath the trees when she should present come. He alighted at last at the Ninety-third Street station, and hastened to the platform.

When he came to the appointed place he found an entrance to the greener near by. Within were people on every hand, and here and there, in secret loves, whose wooing is accomplished in the all but sylvan glades which the park affords.

He saw there a bit of animated flame made a tiny meteor streak against the blackness of the foliage—where a firefly quivered for its mate, matching on the wing. Little by little, the light, on the smooth, broad roadway, eyes fixed chariots of power shun silent through the avenues of trees—a train of flying dragons, half tamed to man's control.

It was all thrilling and exciting to Garrison, with the expectant mood of Dorothy, not possessing all man's nature. There—few great drops of rain began to fall. The effect was almost instantaneous. Dozens pairs of sweethearts, whether with their mothers, or matrons, stragglers, came scuttling forth from unseen places, making a lively run for the nearest shelter.

Garrison did not retreat. He did not mind the rain, except in so far as it might disconcert Dorothy. But, thinking she might have gone into the park, he was with some apprehension for some solitary figure that should by this time be waiting. He thought she had not come, perhaps in the rain, and was not afraid to go.

Bursting towards the entrance he loitered. A lull in the traffic of the street had made the place singularly still. He could hear the patter of rain on the leaves. Then they ceased as abruptly as they had commenced.

He turned once more down the dimly lighted path. His heart gave a quick

joyous leap. Near a bench was a figure—the figure of a woman whose grace, he fancied, was familiar.

Her back was apparently turned as he drew near. He was about to whistle, to try to warn her of his coming, when the shadow just above him, beside him, was a short, wrapped club in his hand.

He felt incapable of thinking it out—wondered, and all that it meant. He wondered if the attacker had thought to leave him dead.

Mechanically his hands sought out his pockets. He found his watch and his money in them. Some coins seemed dragging at his coat. When his hand went slowly to the place, he found it out—a cold, cylindrical affair, of metal, with a sharp edge curving from its end.

The female figure had turned, and now came striding toward him with step too long for a woman. There was no word spoken. Together the two lifted Garrison's unconscious form, carried him across the shrubbery, and laid him on a minute or two, struck a match that was shielded from the view of any possible passer-by, and then, with a final, agonized effort, vanished in one of the glistening side streets, where the rain was reflecting the lamps.

CHAPTER XIV.

A Package of Death

Low, distinct sound of thunder denoted a new gathering of storm. Five minutes passed, and then the lightning dashed across the firmament directly

sharp at last, and, with memory, his strength was returning. He felt of his head, on which his hat was jammed.

The bone and the muscle were sore in sense, but the hurt had not gone deep. He felt incapable of thinking it out—wondered, and all that it meant. He wondered if the attacker had thought to leave him dead.

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since those who had placed the bomb in his pocket would long before have fled the scene to make an alibi complete. The rain had ceased. Wrapping the bomb in the cloth where the rain had found entrance to render the powder, he lay over in the light.

There was nothing much to see. A nipple of gas-pipe, with a cap on either end, one drilled through for the insertion of the fuse, described it completely. The pipe was cut neatly, and the end found entrance to render the powder, plainly to be seen.

Garrison placed the contrivance in his pocket. He pulled out a cigarette, and, to his amazement, was nearly

halted. To wonder what cleverness might suggest as the best possible device to be used, he somewhat grimly determined to proceed to Dorothy's house.

CHAPTER XV.

Significant Discoveries

Damp and uncomfortable, he kept to the fortifications of his room. He had snatched his pace as he drew near the dwelling which he realized was a place replete with mystery.

He stood on the opposite sidewalk at length, and gazed across at the frowning brownstone front. The place was utterly dark. Not the slightest chin light was visible in all its sombre windows.

Aware that nothing is so utterly confusing as to a guilty belief as to what may be expected by victim, Garrison had come this far without the slightest hesitation.

The aspect of the house, however, was not without a sense of gratification that he presently discovered the bathroom at the rear of the hall. Here he was to bathe, here to wash, here to refresh himself.

Despite the ache at the base of his skull, and despite the excited thumping in his heart, he crossed the street, climbed the stairs, and rang the bell. He had made up his mind to act.

His brain by now was thoroughly active. Revolutionary energy rushed in to act as if nothing unusual had occurred.

After the bell again, he waited to get to sleep, three or four hours old time can then be given on some skim milk twice or three times a day, which will help the dam to rear them better than milk with a heavy amount of fat in it. It makes better bone and muscle. Put a bit of sugar in it. This will add to the fat that is needed to supply the nursing dog with. Puppies are a month old I give the first dose of worm killer whether it is sure or not that they have worms. Use castor oil. This will help the puppies digest their food.

It must be remembered that distemper often comes from worms in the puppies' stomachs. Clean food does not always seem to solve the disease. The puppies' stomachs are kept clean they will not contract distemper themselves.

Some puppies will be eating mush and milk and some cooked meat or puppy cakes made by some standard dog food manufacturer. The idea is to avoid overfeeding of it, one time will still get the puppy up to a healthy edge at feeding time. Now and then a few rib bones for the teeth will be good. Dogs are made to be used. They must have something hard to be used in order to develop them right.

Exercise is essential. Close yarding will not do, but they will have to be let loose to run and romp to make strong feet and legs. If possible have a very large yard to their room. When they are taken out it is a good idea to have the notion of a long ride and get them into the notion of running and having fun with delight when they saw the gun in the hands of the master. It meant a run and they knew it. It is often easy to turn them out on a long walk, especially to rear puppies that are whelped and started in town. I have paid from one to two dollars per month for the keepers of puppies in the city. They consider it money well spent. Hunting dogs cannot learn all about the country to tell why they are to be precious in their work.

Yards where they are grown must be kept clean. And keeping a piece of sulphur in the drinking pan or vessel will help to keep the dog's blood in good condition.

Bedding must be changed every day. Brushing them from day to day will take care of the fleas. They cannot learn all about the country to tell why they are to be precious in their work.

Who can mention one leading fact about the Epistles?" asked the teacher, looking over the class.

Johnny's hand went up. "Well, John?"

"They were the wives of the Apostles."

Did Mrs. Fairfax seem anxious to go?"

"I didn't see her, sir. I couldn't say anything to her," said the woman. "Mr. Theodore said as how she was all right, and they was going away. That's all I know about it, sir."

"Gone—for the night," he repeated.

"Well, John?"

"They were the wives of the Apostles."

Sitting back of her chair in the box, she said slowly, "You may look over my shoulder."

"I'm looking both of them over, and they're all right," was the response.



THE WINNIPEG CLEARING HOUSE

Scene in Room Where Over Three-quarters of a Billion Dollars Were Cleared Last Year

FASHIONS AND FANCIES

In planning for the summer outfit it would seem that it would be far easier to decide upon what gowns were necessary if it were definitely settled where the season was to be spent.

Fashionable life at the fashionable resorts and places de-mands for the woman an absolutely different order of gowns from the life at some of the usual routine of luncheons and dinners, where, there are many hours and days that really are spent quietly, and where there are no occasions where any formal attire than requires elaborate toilettes.

But the American woman does not spend the summer in any one place; on the contrary, seashore and inland, mount-

ain, is a vital question of the moment, and especially for the woman who cannot order recklessly the clothes she wants, but who must plan carefully and direct the less expensive dressmaker or seamstress in the way she should go. Both the "frock" and the "skirt" are to be considered, and when a sleek model is chosen it must be so made that it will look as though it were one piece, even when the skirt is separate from the waist. First must the lining at the waist be most carefully fitted, and the waistband must be so made that it will fit the waist of today (is made) then must the skirt be fitted and hung, sewed upon the waist lining and where it joins the main body of the waist there must be folds of the material or satin or velvet belt, etc., on the waist. This, however, is quite possible for a clever seamstress to finish the skirt when she has just the smallest edge of a fold.

PROGRESS OF CHINA'S WAR ON OPIUM

The one that has been making state after state "dry" in America, but the crusade of the Chinese Government against opium within its borders has been going on for three years. The authorities have set themselves "the stupendous task of eradicating this national and popular vice in a country whose population is generally estimated at 400,000,000," says the Associated Press, which reported the arrival of the British Legation at Peking. Sir John Jordan, the British Minister at the Chinese capital, says in a dispatch to London that the Government is making "considerable progress" in this work, and that the Chinese people are showing a decided aversion in the consumption and cultivation of opium, and a public opinion has been formed which will greatly strengthen the hands of the Government and the provincial authorities in all the districts which they contemplate taking in the near future."

The Bombay Guardian confirms this optimistic view of the British official's following words:

"The reports have shown great differences in the success with which the great reform is being carried out in different provinces of the great Chinese Empire. The present report (1908) shows a marked swing towards any of the other provinces, in which orders for total prohibition were issued and enforced during the seasons of 1907-8, with remarkable success. Two thousand acres in Yenan, the largest of the largest producers of opium, nearly all the suitable lands in both being given up to poppy cultivation. Yet, with the exception of Yenan, Yenan occupied by semi-independent races, the have been almost entirely on the poppy lands."

Each of the opium-growing provinces was visited by a British official, whose reports declared this journal, "testify to the remarkable success achieved in checking the plague of opium." The report adds: "The Chinese have so far succeeded principally owing to the weakness of their neighbors, and we are told:

"A world different is the tenor of reports from some other provinces. Where, as in Eastern Szechuan, the officials have vacillated, farmers who have seen their neighbors sowing poppy with impunity, and reaping the reward of heightened prices due to suppression in other parts, have been eager to get a share of the profits. In Szechuan, where in a few of these districts, more poppy was sown in 1907-8 than in the previous year, sometimes even more than before the edict, this experience, together with the proved impossibility of getting out of chancery, has led the people soon to take it quietly. Not a blade of opium have I seen, but instead one sees wheat, vegetables, etc., all growing, with the prospect of cheaper foodstuffs next year."

Still strict and drastic measures will have to be resorted

to in many provinces no poppy is allowed to be sown, a notable example being Szechuan, which has hitherto produced nearly half the total Chinese crop." An English clergyman visiting Szechuan writes:

"Is it not truly wonderful? This great centre of opium, now for the first time within memory, finds itself without a crop of opium. The prohibition of opium cultivation has begun suddenly, effectively, and completely, and the people seem to take it quietly. Not a blade of opium have I seen, but instead one sees wheat, vegetables, etc., all growing, with the prospect of cheaper foodstuffs next year."

Still strict and drastic measures will have to be resorted



Embroidered Pale Blue Voile de Soie Gown With Black Chiffon Coat

tains and planks, and, incidentally, Europe and America are, as a rule, included in the summer itinerary, requiring, as can readily be understood, an endless variety of gowns for day and evening wear. To those who have a schedule of such a program as this, it is income that the question is concerned on quite a different basis from the selection of the customary summer wardrobe. The woman of today has no stated season of the year in which she selects her gown, nor does she at any time buy and string along her bits and bobs to lay in a fresh supply, and there are always, all the year round, at the leading establishments smart gowns to be found, even at the between times, when the head of the house is abroad studying the very latest creations of the designers in Europe.

In spite of the great wealth of America and the fact that our American women are well dressed, the question is there are far among the smartest women who do not find it essential to select carefully and purchase prudently the summer outfit. They do not wish to be gowned too conspicuously; they insist upon being gowned correctly, yet themselves appear always having the latest gowns for each and every occasion, and contend the desired result cannot be obtained by ordering recklessly.

What are the most popular fabrics of the season, is also of great and deep interest. The soft, clinging materials are so fascinatingly attractive, so peculiarly well adapted to all this season's models that naturally they challenge attention, but there are also heavier materials more closely woven, that are fashionable as well and that cannot be ignored.

Voile de soie and cashmere de soie, and broadcloth, flannel, satin, and silk, and crepe de Chine, and the like, and more are shown as suitable for the summer gowns. Poulard, tussah, royal pongee, rajah, in such an endless selection of color, weave and weight, are shown that it is extremely difficult to select a suitable material, and to extreme calm judgment there must be called to mind for what purpose the gown is to be worn; then it is far simpler to decide on the material. The afternoon reception gown, suitable for luncheon or card party, is this season elaborate in design, and the materials are the best for it, so that voile de soie is gladly chosen.

Cashmere de soie is a particularly material that is becoming more and more fashionable of late. It has been made up in three pieces, costume, skirt, waist and coat to match, and for that purpose has been proved without a rival for summer wear. It comes in all grades, all designs and colors, and is about as worn as any. In the heat of a French and Indian fight that makes it appear like the softest satin, but with a body which makes it almost impossible for street wear.

Just as with the cashmere of olden time it is easy to make good fits when making it, and for that reason the fitting coats it have loose, at the same time, follows the line, and not the curves in a most delightfully fashionable manner.

Bands of trimming, folds, roses and buckles are all to be noted in the new gowns which now come on the market dressed lines and all. Just when shall we placed the band or fold that holds the skirt in around the ankles is most carefully studied by every dressmaker who is successful in her profession. There is a remarkable way to different effect is at once obtained by an inch or two in the placing. To enable the wearer of the skirt to take a long step, not too long, and at the same time not to look as though she were holding it tightly, and aridly. It is talent and rare skill, but the wonderful fact is that the band is held and the fashion still reigns. Unfortunately—or is it fortunately?—there are so many who fail dismally in the attempt that the fashion will undoubtedly come to a violent end before long.

Is the one piece or the two piece gowns the more fashion-

MOUSE-POWER

SINCE the days when man discovered the uses to which he might put his domesticated animals, no more curious form of animal power to operate machinery has ever been devised. One devised by a canny Scot, one David Hutton, who in the last century, conceived the notion of putting mice to work for him.

Hutton had seen certain toys and trinkets manufactured by the prisoners in a French jail. His attention had been attracted by a mouse trap, house there, with a wheel in the gable, that was caused to revolve rapidly by a mouse. He bought this device, and for a long time it afforded him amusement, but later he began seriously to consider how a "half-penny power" (the weight of the mouse) could be applied to practical ends. It finally occurred to him that the manufacture of sewing-thread might be aided in this way.

Now it happened that during the course of the Scot's experiments and investigations he ascertained that an ordinary mouse would average a run of ten feet one-half inch per day; but not one mouse that he could find was extraordinary, distance of eighteen miles in that time. A pound of oatmeal porridge was found to be sufficient to feed it for thirty-five days, during which time it made three hundred and sixty-two miles.

From this Hutton invented the constant motion of a mouse to turn a mill for the making of sewing thread. This mill was so constructed that the mouse was able to turn twice, and from hundred and one hundred and twenty threads a day, Sundays not excepted, for the Scot did not permit religious convictions to interfere with the work of his invention.

To perform this task the little rodent was obliged to cover its ten and one-half miles a day, when, however, the mouse could do well enough in the house where a mouse-eating person, lasting five weeks, one of the little fellows made three thousand and一百 and fifty threads, twenty-five inches long, and enough to make one yard of thread for every hawk made in the ordinary way, the mouse at the rate mentioned earned eighteen cents every six weeks.

So, allowing for board and for machinery, there accrued to Hutton a yearly profit from each mouse of one dollar and fifteen cents. Just as the Scot was having demonstrated the feasibility of his plan, was preparing to enlarge the scope of his enterprise by setting up

in Zante, one of the Ionian Islands, for nearly 3,000 years. It is mentioned by Pliny the elder, who born 454 years before the Christian era.

IN PAIN FOR YEARS

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" BRINGS RELIEF



MRS. FRANK EATON

"I suffered for years from headaches and pain in the back, and I consulted doctor after doctor, but remedy came without any relief. Then I began taking "Fruit-a-lives", the famous fruit juice tablets, and this was the only thing that relieved me. It is good. I took several boxes altogether, and now I am entirely well of all my dreadful headaches and backaches".

FRUIT-A-TIVES
Dr. Martel's
Fruit-a-lives
EATON,
get a box, 6 for \$2 or triple box, 25¢.
At dealers or from Fruit-a-lives Limited,
Ottawa.

ten thousand of these mouse mills, he was stricken by the illness that resulted in his death.

A petroleum well has been known in Zante, one of the Ionian Islands, for nearly 3,000 years. It is mentioned by Pliny the elder, who born 454 years before the Christian era.

STAMMERERS

The methods employed at the Arnott Institute are the only logical methods for the cure of stammering, according to Dr. Arnott, not merely the habit, and insure NATURAL SPEECH. If you have the slightest impediment in speech, call on Dr. Arnott for help. Curst pupils everywhere. Pamphlets, pamphlets, pamphlets.

The Arnott Institute, Berlin, Ont.

Dr. Martel's Female Pills

SEVENTEEN YEARS THE STANDARD

Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments, a scientifically prepared remedy of proven value. For the relief from those ills that are quick and permanent. For sale at all drug stores.

\$122,000.00 FOR A SECRET

The Carbon Oil Works, Limited, are not in the Petroleum Oil business, as some people think, but are manufacturers of oils derived from Coal-Tar. These oils are extracted from tar by a secret process without distillation, and the oil thus extracted have been proved by scientists to be of great medicinal value. Physicians and scientists have tested them and pronounced them to be positive cures for Eczema, Psoriasis, and a number of other skin diseases. We succeeded in adapting these oils for ordinary use by producing "Tardolene," which is put up in ointment form in fancy white jars and sold by all reliable druggists at 50 cents per pot. The Carbon Oil Company has a secret formula which it will not disclose, but western business men, purchased the right to make their oils by the secret process above mentioned for the sum of \$122,000, and they beg respectfully to suggest that they are willing to stake the Company's reputation on the statements made herein.



Embroidered Voile de Soie and Satin Gown

FOR THAT NEW HOUSE

Sackett Plaster Board The Empire Brands of Wall Plaster

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

The Manitoba Gypsum Co., Limited
WINNIPEG, MAN.

THE PULSE WATCH

THERE is now employed by physicians and nurses a watch, constructed on the "stop" principle, which indicates the number of pulse beats per minute.

A push-button is pressed at the beginning of the count and again at the twentieth pulsation, when the number of beats per minute is shown on a dial without the necessity for calculation.

Still another push on the button brings the counter back to the starting-point. In the ordinary method of taking the pulse the observer is obliged to do two things, namely, to stop the hand, to count the beats and to keep his eye on the second-hand of the watch. With the new watch only one operation is necessary—the counting of the pulsations up to twenty, when the push-button is pressed.

OLD CHUM Cigarettes



TEN FOR TEN CENT.

to, declares the editor of the Bonham paper above quoted, if the good work is to be crowned with success, and we read that everything "will depend on the firmness of the officials in rooting up, as has been done elsewhere, the crops of poppy which may have been sown in spite of orders."

Alberta Hotel

Good Accommodation Reasonable Rates

Geo. Stratton Proprietor

Livery Feed and Sale Stables

McPHEE & WICKS
(Successors to F. R. Parker)

Transfer in Connection.
GOOD HORSES GOOD RIGGS
CAREFUL DRIVERS
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DISC SHARPENING.

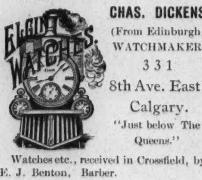
Now is the time to bring your Discs to be sharpened at

JOHN FREW'S
Shoeing Forge.

Crossfield Drug Store

For Your Stationery and all Medical Supplies.

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Watches etc., received in Crossfield, by E. J. Benton, Barber.

4

Shoeing
Repair Work
Wagon Work
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C

H. W. Currie
The Blacksmith
Successor to W. Bradley

IT'S WALL PAPER TIME

The time to replace the dingy spotted paper with fresh attractive patterns, that will show off to best advantage your room, and impress something to suit every taste in our extensive assortment

J. A. SACKETT
CARRIGE AND SIGN PAINTING
PAPERHANGING

Local News

D. Lowe was up from Calgary this week.

Miss Mary Brown, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. Cameron, has returned home.

Wellington and Robert McCool are in from the Red Deer country visiting their parents until after the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cameron are spending the summer holidays at the home of Mrs. Cameron's parents Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Brown.

James McCool is down from Edmonton till after the fair, visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McCool. We are pleased to see Jim with us again.

Wednesday evening a game of baseball was played on the Crossfield diamond, between Floral and Crossfield. The score tells the story, the home team winning by 29 to 6.

Farmers are wisely taking time by the forelock in the matter of hail insurance. G. W. Boyce has already sent in to the government nearly \$2,500 in premiums, which breaks the record for this time in the season.

Jas. Chisholm has sent us a summary of the June weather for the past five years, from records kept by himself. It affords an interesting comparison, but owing to the large amount of labor involved in putting it into type we have been unable to get it into this issue.

Governor Gillette, of California, has announced that the big prize fight shall not disgrace his state. And now comes Mayor McCarthy of San Francisco and says that by the great horn spoon, etc., etc., the fight shall take place in San Francisco, Governor Gillette or no Governor Gillette. Whatever may be the outcome of the official clash, one thing is certain, the governor could not have hit upon a more effective method of advertising the fight. There is some talk of taking the fight to Reno, Nevada.

Everything promises to be in readiness for the Crossfield Agricultural Fair on the 22nd. The farmers have responded nobly to the call for men and teams, and the grounds are a regular bee-hive these days. The half mile trade is being worked into splendid condition—much better than one would have thought possible in the limited time. A fine grand stand is being erected and we understand that a commodious hall will be fitted up underneath this for the general exhibits. In connection with this our first fair there is an all-pull-together spirit manifest that, if it can be kept up from year to year, will make this the model fair of the province.

Ottawa, June 13.—"From present appearances this will be the greatest crop year in the history of the west." Dr. Wm. Saunders, experimental farm director, waxed enthusiastic on the outlook, having returned Sunday from a trip in which he travelled over 2,000 miles after leaving Winnipeg.

Agricultural Society Meets

A meeting of the Agricultural Society was held in Bishop's hall on Thursday evening. It was a harmonious meeting and business right from the word go.

The action of the committee in selection of grounds was after full discussion approved.

If the fair is not a success it is no ones fault. The fair grounds have been a busy spot for some time. Everyone is enthusiastic, and we foresee a bright future for Crossfield, and wish the Agricultural Society every success, which they deserve.

Board of Trade

The Board of Trade held a meeting on Tuesday evening for the consideration of matters in connection with the agricultural fair.

A motion was passed approving the action of the committee in selecting grounds at the north end of town.

It was decided to have programs printed for the fair and sports.

The secretary was instructed to apply to the R. N. W. M. P. to send two constables here for fair day.

—How is this for a bargain? \$500.00 will handle 160 acres, three miles from Crossfield at only 20 per acre and long terms on balance. Call on Hulgren & Davie for snaps like this.

British Fleet to Make Tour of World
Washington—England will be the next country to assemble a battleship fleet for a tour around the world. The trip will make about the autumn of next year. This will make it possible for the 26,000 ton battleship the "Prince of Wales" to type in largely the world's to-be-in the head of the naval procession. The boats will stop at various foreign ports, and the trip will consume two years.

Two hundred ships of all classes will be included, and about fifteen destroyers are to accompany the Dreadnoughts. This will be the first time in naval history that the little craft will be tested by the severe trials of ocean service. The fleet will be subdivided for visits to Chinese and Indian ports. At the conclusion of these visits the fleet will proceed to Japan. Some very long stops will be made in Japanese ports. Then they will go to San Francisco and British Columbia ports, thence sailing home.

London—It is stated that the Duke of Connaught, in accordance with the desire of King Edward, will succeed Earl Grey as Governor-General.

Melbourne—The demand for western Australian land is so great that surveys are insufficient to block it

In the District Court of the District of Calgary

Between D. A. MacCrimmon of Crossfield, Alberta, Plaintiff; and Harvey Sower, of Crossfield, Alberta, Defendant.

Harvey Sower the above named Defendant.

You are noticed that the above named plaintiff has entered an action against you in the above named court for the recovery of the claim, a statement of which is filed in Court whereby the plaintiff claims \$305.78 and costs.

And you are notified that if you dispute the said claim either in whole or in part you do or enter before the 16th day of June A. D. 1910, cause to be entered for you in the office of the clerk of this Court an appearance, and within six days thereafter file with the said Clerk a statement of the ground on which such dispute is based.

And take notice that in default of your doing so the plaintiff may proceed in his action and judgment may be given in your absence, and without further notice to you.

This notice is given pursuant to Order of His Honor Judge Mitchell, dated the 17th day of May A. D. 1910.

STEWART, TWEEDIE & CHARMAN
Calgary, Alberta
Solicitors for the Plaintiff

Commencing

Monday May 9th.

We will Offer you Men's, Boy's, and Youth's clothing and odd Pants at

25% Off Regular Prices

Continue to sell at this Reducton until our present stock of clothing is cleared out.
This stock is Clean and Up-to-date and it will pay you to procure your Suit early as they will not last long at these prices.

Wm. URQUHART

Cash Store

Crossfield,

Alberta

Whips Harness

I Robes Saddles

can supply you with any kind of harness you need, light or heavy. First-class in quality and made to stand the strain of everyday work.

Repair Work A Specialty
Jas. Dryburgh

Crossfield

Alberta

FIRST ANNUAL

FAIR and SPORTS

OF THE

Crossfield Agricultural Society

Crossfield June 22nd.

Large List of Entries. Good Prizes Offered. Good Track and Interesting Attractions. Come and Attend the First Fair in the Province

PROGRAM OF SPORTS

THREE HEATS TO RACE

Ponies 14, hands and under, half mile Heats
Ponies 14½ " and " "

Half Mile open

One Mile Open Trot or Pace

Cowboy Race 1 Heat

Bucking Contest

Ladies' Race, one Half Mile Dash

A Baseball Match between Bowden and Crossfield

LIBERAL PRIZES IN ALL EVENTS. JUDGES DECISIVE FINAL IN ALL CASES

For prize list, entry forms and other information, apply to the Secretary

G. W. BOYCE